NEW JERSEY SWINDLED.

Bought of Senator Bradley's Firm. THESTON, March 4. The Senate investigating committee began its investigation into the administration of State House affairs this morning. Senator Daly, the only Democratic member of the committee, was absent. William II. Corbin, the committee's counsel, produced the bonds of ex-Superintendent B. J. Ford of Newark, which were signed by United States Senator James Smith and Lewis C. Grover.

Chairman Voorbees said the committee at ments from the State Comptroller showing that the expenditures for maintaining the Capitol had varied from \$22,850 in 1875 and \$14,000 in 1888 to \$58,000 in 1893 and \$77,000 in 1894. In the last year the greater part of the money was spent before the change in the Superintendency. For elevical services at the Capitol the expense had increased from \$10,000 in 1878 to 000 in 1894. The purchases, Mr. Corbin said, show figures which indicate extravagance and wastefulness, if nothing more serious. The first witnesses called testified concerning

the flagpole erected on the front of the Capitol last May, Contractor John Barlow told the committee that the pole cost him \$515, and he made a profit of \$835. He had divided the profit with no one, he said. He bought the pole of ex-Sheriff David Baird, the Republican leader in Camden County, who is now a member of the State Board of Assessors. He paid \$130 for it Camden County, who is now a member of the State Board of Assessors. He paid \$103 for it and \$70 for the flag. He had first heard of the contract through Abram Swan, an architect, who afterward such him for a part of the profit. Abram Swan, the architect, swore that he had an understanding with Barlow that they should divide the profits. He estimated that the work could be done for \$5.20, and they agreed that \$800 would be a fair price to ask of the State. Afterward they received information from Superintendent Ford's office that the pole and flag must be procured through Ford, and that the flag would cost \$100, and the pole \$105. Then Haglow told Swan that flow, Werts was kicking and that the work must be done for \$500. He supposed, he said, that this was the amount paid. On the day the flag was accepted he first learned that Harlow had received \$1,350 for the work. He had a difficulty in setting with Barlow, he said, and such him and recovered judgment for \$30,50, with costs. Judge Abbett threatened to bring the matter before the Grand Jury and told the Jury that a court of justice was no place in which to divide swag. His bill against Barlow was made out on the basis of \$600 for the work. Witnesses were then called in relation to the furnishing of scaps, combs, hair and shoe brushes, brooms, dusters, and other supplies for the use of the Legislature. Lawver Corbin read a statement showing that the cost of these articles had increased from \$303 in 1884 to \$1,312 in 1894. William Price, bookkeeper for Senator Brad-

a statement showing that the nost of these articles had increased from \$363 in 1884 to \$1,312 in 1894.

William Price, bookkeeper for Senator Bradley's firm of Bradley & Smith, testified to shipping these goods, which were ordered by Ford.

Alexander I. Reilly of Newark, an Insurance agent, said he had made out the bills, amounting to \$0.75, in 1891, \$1,105 in 1890, \$1,105 in 189

The Bill to Force Answers Before Investi

gating Committees Passed. TRENTON, March 4. The Assembly to-night spent a long time in discussing the bill annexthe Committee on Municipal Corporations. The adverse report was adopted by a vote of 37 to Hudson county was also adversely reported, and to the Attorney-General for an opinion as to whether it was not in violation of the law regulating inter-State commerce, but the Hudson member denounced the move as intended to smother a bill which was demanded by thousands of persons in Hudson county, and the House refused to ask for the opinion. The bill compelling witnesses to testify before legislative investigating committees, notwithstanding their testimony may criminate them, was passed

unanimously, and the bill authorizing the transfer of licenses and the appointment of license inspectors in first-class cities was also passed. Chairman Stone of the House managers of the Connolly imperationed trail says that the trial will begin on Taurislay of next week, and probably be ended on the following day.

Bills were introduced in the House providing for the appointment of a State Dairy Commission at a salary of \$2,000, and for the slaughter of diseased animals; repealing the act of 1881 to prevent the adulteration of food and drugs pincing private banking institutions and indito prevent the adulteration of food and dra pincing private banking institutions and it vidual bankers under the supervision of Commission of Banking and Insurance, and outring that a majority of the members of banking firms by residents of Now Jersey, un a populity of \$5,000 or seven years' impris banking firms be residents of New Jersey, under a populty of \$5,000 or seven years' imprison-ment; repealing the law of 1800 creating three Circuit Court Judges; requiring street railroads in Brst-class cities to run cars at least every twenty minutes, and one creating signal and telegraph corps for each brigade of the National Guerd.

tord.

The Senate passed the House bill requiring itnesses before investigating committees to he Governor sent to the Senate nominations for two Visitors to the Agricultural College from each Congressional district.

MIDDLESEX INVESTIGATION.

Last Session of the Supreme Court Com-

NEW BRUNSWICK, N. J., March 4 .- The last session of the Supreme Court Commissioners, Mesars, Stevens and Coleman, appointed by Chief Justice Beasley to investigate the affairs of Middlesex county, was held to-day. Commissioners gave an opportunity to any Freeholder to explain why the contract for the bridge was awarded to Dean & Westbrook when the bid of J. S. Shields was \$8,000 lower. No explanation was vouchsafed.

Mr. Byington announced that, upon advice of the City Club, he would refrain from summing up. This, Judge Hoffman said, he regretted, as

up. This, Judge Hoffman said, he regretted, as it would be more satisfactory all around to have the counsel for both sides sum up.

In beginning, Judge Hoffman read the law under which the Commission was sitting and the investigation had proceeded. The Judge argued that to show corruption in the county affairs it must be proved that the Board of Freeholders or some member of the Board and been in collingion with any who may more charged the county exorbitantly for services rendered. The Freeholders, he said, were the disbursing authorities of the Government, and corrupt extravigance must be brought home tothem to warrant the finding of corruption in the affairs of the county.

the finding of corruption in the affairs of the county.

Judge Hoffman recounted the method of auditing bills, which he characterized as most expeditious; and even if extravagant bills were audited it was not evidence of corruption or illegality. In regard to the payment of prosecutors bills, with the certificate of the tour stached, Judge Hoffman cited a case showing that the Board of Fresholders, or the county collector, had no option but to pay the bills.

The Commissioners announced that they would probably be here on Friday to look at the Albany street bridge, and would like to have Engineers Hukely and Athinson, who gave such contradictory testimony regarding the construction and present condition of the bridge, present.

NASHUA, N. H., March 4. The will of Ellen M. Barr of New Inswich, probated to-day, leaves property estimated to be worth \$20,000 to the Harvard annex for a \$250 scholarship for women. If the annex discontinues the money goes to Brya Mawr College.

SEFERANCE EXTORTION CASE. Phillips's History, as Told by Himself Ua

The case of Harry Phillips of 426 Central Park West against Lawyer Wales F. Severance f 32 Nassau street, came up before Justice Koch in the Special Sessions room in the Tombs yesterday afternoon. Phillips had Severance arrested on a charge of extortion. Surrogate Ransom appeared for the defendant and Lawyers H. O. Pentecost and Thaddeus Kenneson for the plaintiff.

Phillips took the witness chair in his own behalf. Lawyer Pentecost did the questioning. The witness testified that about three years ago Lawyer Severance was counsel for Draw in the case of Drow agt. Phillips. One day, after the court had adjourned in the case, Lawyer Seversince approached him and called him a scoundrel and a liar, and said he would put him in jail. When Phillips replied that he had done nothing to warrant this attack, Lawyer Severpresent would confine its inquiries to Ford's ance said he knew of his past and of his transactions, and Counsellor Corbin read stateance said he knew of his past and of his conduct in Dakora, and would have him arrested if he did not pay him money. He said he became frightened and offered Lawyer Severance a check, which was refused. He received soon after a letter threatening him, and, becoming airaid, he went to Lawyer Severance and paid him Sou, getting a receipt for the same. After that, he said, he offered the derendant some property, which was refused. He had no more money to give and again was threatened with arrest if he did not pay. Becoming more frightened he hired a aware to go to the defendant and try to settle

refused. To have a so with arrest if he did not pay. Becoming more frightened he hared a hower to go to the defendant and try to settle up the matter, but got word that nothing but money would talk.

After this Lawyer Severance again threatened him, and on Feb. 5 he paid him \$25 on condition that he would not arrest him for at least another week. At the end of the week Lawyer Severance again threatened him, and, being unable to stand it any longer, he had the lawyer arrested. This ended his testimony in his own behalf.

Surrogate Ransom then becam the cross-examination, it concerned Phillips's past life principally. The witness testified that he was born in Manchester, England, twenty-nine years ago.

principally. The witness testified that he was born in Manchester, England, twenty-nine-years ago.

About eleven years ago be was arrested in London for representing himself to be a rich American, and thus obtaining money. He apent live menths in fall, but healty got out of the scrape. Shortly after that his father gave him \$10,000 worth of dress goods, which he sold in Brussels for \$1,000, and gave his hotel people worthless checks for their bills. For this he was arrested, but his father got him out of jail. Soon after this he went to Durham, England, and gave his landlady a worthless check for his bill. He ecaped from the place, but was brought lock and locked up. He got some one to go his ball and left the town. He went home, and, not long after, cloped to this country with a governess in the employ of his father. She was a Mrs. Gerrande Thompson. They fled to this country under the assumed name of Harry Phillips and wife. This was about eight years ago, as near as the witness could remember. They lived here as man and wife.

as the witness could remember. They fived here as man and wife.

Phillips had his adopted name sanctioned in the courts of New Jersey, and about three years ago got a divorce in Dakota for Mrs. Thompson and then married her. After coming to this country he opened an employment bureau at 15 Willoughby street, Brooklyn. He got into some trouble by the methods he used, and was arrested and looked up without bail. At the trial he was sentenced to one year in fail or a \$500 fine. This decision was afterward revoked and he was freed.

At this point the case was adjourned until Thursday morning at 10 o'clock.

MR. WHITEHOUSE NOT FOUND. He Has Often Before Hidden Himself for Days at a Time.

COLD SPRING HARBOR, L. L., March 4. Thomas Whitehouse, who mysteriously disappeared on Friday movning, has not been found. People have searched all over this place, in woods and barns, and in all vacant houses, but they can find no trace of him. He is about 70 years old, 5 feet and 3 inches in height, and wears a full beard. He is not married. He was born in England and when a young man he came to New York. He shipped on a whale ship and went on three voyages. After the last

ship and went on three voyages. After the last one he came to Gold Spring Harbor, where he has made his heme for the forty years since, with Capt. William Bingham.

He received two fortunes from England. The first one he took with him to sea, and his companions stole not only the money but all his clothes. When he received his second fortune he gave some of it to friends to keep for him and some of it he put in a trunk that he hid in a vacant barn. This was stolen.

Mr. Whitehouse was eccentric. He would hide things, and often he would hide himself until he was hearly starved. When on board a vessel he would crawl down the hold and hide himself. About two years ago he hid in a barn for four days. It was thought that he must be hiding this time, but every place has been searched.

CHECK RAISING BY WHOLESALE. Swelling the Figures on Many Union Pacific

DESCRIP March 4. An incentous check-raising Koarney and Harrison, in Hudson county, ing swindle has just been unearthed in this city, to Essex county. It was adversely reported by the victim being the Union Pacific Railway ing swindle has just been unearthed in this city, Company, nearly every bank in Denver, and several dry goods houses and other houses, Early last month the Union Pacific pay car left 15, and a motion to reconsider was voted down.

The Hudson county bill annexing Newark to Omaha on its regular monthly trip to Sait Lake with wages for the company's employees, Closethe report was adopted. The two-cent ferriage | ly following the car came a gang of check rais-bill was before the House on a motion to refer it | ers, and its members left the marks of their skill with acid, ink, and pen in nearly every town where t nion Pacific employees reside. The check raisers have netted thousands of dol-

ars by this swindle.

The gang visited the hotels and saloons most requented by railroad men, where a large portion of the checks had been cashed and bought nem up for cash. In value the checks ranged rom \$10 to \$100 but each one was skillfully alsed to \$110 and passed for that amount at banks and stores. In every instance the raised checks were tendered for some small purchase, so that the gang got nearly the entire amount in cash. It is supposed that the gang worked west to Salt Lake and then escaped to the coast.

EVA YOUNG'S DEATH.

It Resulted from Burns and Not from Poison.

It turns out that there were no grounds for the suspicion that the death of Mrs. Eva Young at the Brooklyn Hospital a couple of weeks ago had resulted from poison and not from the burns she had received in her home in Fort Greene place. The case of Mrs. Young had ex-

Greene place. The case of Mrs. Young had excited much interest.

She field from her home on Christmas Day, and on the following night surrendered herself to the Chief of Police in Springfield, Mass. with the explanation that she had been engaged in blackmailing a Brooklyn merchant. It was clear that her mind was affected, and she was warehed when she was brought back to Brooklyn, She succeeded in throwing herself out of a window and also in setting fire to her clothing. It was intimated at the time of her death that poison was the cause of it. A chemical analysis, which Coroner Kene ordered and which was concluded yesterday, failed to show any trace of poison in her body.

High Church Services Interrupted by a Fire Kingston, March 4. At high mass in the Protestant Episcopal Church of the Holy Cross in this city, on sunday morning, the congrega-tion was thrown into a state of excitement by the breaking of a chain of the censer, in white incense was burning. The thurifer was swinging the censer at the head of the process ing the censer at the head of the procession when the chain broke, and the borning incense was scattered on the floor. In a moment the carpet was on fire, and the people in the cleared became greatly excited. The floorier with great presence of helid, snothered the fire with his hands, so that little damage was done, except to the boy, whose hands were severely burned. Hely tross thurch is in the parish of St. Johns, of which Pather Wattson is rector, and high mass is celebrated there with very ritualistic ceremonies.

Buried with Itis Boots On.

SARATOGA, March 4. Charles Ellaworth, a rich Saratoga county farmer, 88 years old, and whose home was at Kent, in the town of Wilton, was buried to-day with his boots on. His body was borne to the grave in his own family body was borne to the grave is his own family sleigh, and the Rev. Jonathan Devoil and the Rev. E. J. Day officiated at the funeral. This was all done in compliance with the conditions of his will, made some time ago, and which was at his request opened and read to his lexaters assembled about his sickhed a short time before his death. Mr. Elisworth had always been very hade and hearty, and had attended to his farm and to the care of his stock up to a few weeks before his death.

Bayonne Merchant Sued for Divorce.

In the Court of Chancery of New Jorsey exbegun proceedings in behalf of Mrs. Henrierta and apward for New York City Exchange Service. rapp for a divorce from Frederick H. Trapp, a | On request, by mail or telephone, agent will be sent Trapp for a diverse from Frederick II. Trapp, a young tradesman of Hayoone. Mr. and Mrs. Trapp were marcied in 1880. They have two children. They have been living apart for all montls. The corresponding the many is Miss Mary Heffernan, who lives in West Tenth street. Bergen Foint, across the street from whore Trapu had his store before he sold out his business a forfulght ago. City Attorney Benny of Bayonne is preparing the answer to Mrs.

Trapp's charges.

CHURCH OF SEA AND LAND

A DOWN-TOWN CHURCH EDIFICE SOON TO BE SOLD.

Part of the Proceeds to Pay the \$50,000 Mortgage on the New York Presby-terian Church-Br, Parkhurst Outvoted, The Church of the Sea and Land and the New York Presbyterian Church took up the attention of the New York Presbyiery at its meeting yesterday. The first is at Henry and Market streets, and the second at 128th street and Seventh avenue. The first is out of debt, and its trustees want to keep it so; the second is mortgaged for \$50,000, and foreclosure proceedings have been begun by the Bowery Sav-

ings Bank. The Rev. Dr. Charles P. Robinson, paster of the New York Presbyterian Church, asked the Presbytery to sell the Church of the Sea and Land, and, with a part of the proceeds, take up the mortgage on his church. The Rev. Dr. Parknurst of the Madison Square Presbyterian Church, which has a lease of the Church of the Sea and Land that does not expire until next October, asked Fresbytery to keep its faith with his church, and sanction no sale.

At the meeting two weeks ago a committee consisting of the Rev. Dr. Erskins White, the Rev. Dr. John Hall, and Elder Yearance, was appointed to confer with the trustees of the Church of the Sea and Land, and ask them to approve of the mortgaging of their church for the sum of \$50,000. Yesterday afternoon's meeting was called for the purpose of hearing

meeting was called for the purpose of hearing the report of the committee. Dr. White submittee as the committee's report resolutions satopted by the trustees of the Church of the Sea and Land, and recommended that Presbytery act in accord with them.

The resolutions set forth that the trustees consented, under protest, to the placing of a \$50,000 mortgage on the church property, providing that before the placing of the mortgage its present occupancy was secured to the church for a term of ten years, and, that should flee Madison Square church withdraw its support, the Presbytery obligate itself to pay annually to the Church of the Sea and Land \$2,000 for the salary of pastor and other expenses.

After the resolutions had been filed and the committee discharged, the Rev. Dr. Parkhurst read a long communication from his church, and then spoke of the importance of the work done by the Church of the Sea and Land, under the patronage of the Madison Square thurch. The question was disposed of by the adoption of the following resolution, introduced by Col. Alexander P. Ketchum:

Resolved, That the trustees of this Presbytery are hereby directed to self said troperty of the Church of the following resolution of the following resolution of the Presbytery are hereby directed to self said troperty of the Church of

Alexander P. Ketchum;

Residual, That the trustees of this Presbytery are hereby directed to sell said troperty of the Church of the Sea and Land as soon after March 12, 1895, as it may be possible in their judgment to obtain a fair price for the same, said sale to be subject to the present occupancy of said premises of descript until tect. 1, 1895, and the proceeds derived from said sale to be applied by trustees of Presbytery as follows: Fifty thousand dollars toward the reduction of the mortgage of \$100,000 now on the property of the New York Presbyterian Church, and not more than \$5,000 toward the papent of accrued interest on said mortgage of \$100,000, the remainder to be held for such use in evangelical work in the lower part of the city as the Presbytery had adopted the resolu-

When Presbytery had adopted the resolu-on, Dr. Parkhurst said that his church would tion, Dr. Parkhurst said that his church would continue to carry out its agreement with Presbytery until next October, but after that he intimated that the Madison Square Church would withdraw from all connection with the Church of the Sea and Land.

The result of the action of Presbytery will be that the New York Presbyterian Church will be relieved of its \$50,000 mortgage, and, if the Madison Square Church desires it, Presbytery will build for it a mission church in the lower part of the city.

SOLD CORDAGE TRUST SECRETS. Bookkeeper Davenport Can't Collect His

The action of Nesbet V. Davenport on an assigned claim of Joseph M. Davenport, formerly bookkeeper of the National Cordage Company, to recover \$20,000 from George H. Huhne on a contract to impart to Huhne secret information of the affairs of the cordage trust, is held unmaintainable by the General Term of the Superior Court, which sustains the lower court, The opinion of the General Term, written by Judge Beekman, and in which Judges Sedgwick and McAdam concur, declares the action to be one to "enforce a mere bargain for the betrayal

in recounting the facts the opinion states that Joseph M. Davenport, in his fiduciary relation to the company, acquired the information that for several years the trust had been paying divi

for several years the trust had been paying dividends while it was in fact losing millions of dollars. To make money out of his information, says the Court, Joseph M. Davenport communicated with Hunne, who had advanced \$4,000,000 on stock and bonds of the company. He subsequently gave information to Hunne, but did not get any of the \$20,000 he expected to get for his information. The officers of the trust had meanwhile become informed of the negotiations set afoot by Davenport.

"We have no hesitancy," says the Court, "in condemning the agreement on which this suit is brought as absolutely void and unenforceable. It involved a clear betrayal of trust by Davenport, and was utterly sortial and conscienceless in its purpose and conception. The information he had obtained in the course of the performance of his duties belonged to the company, and was not his to use against his employers or to dispose of for his own advantage. When he agreed to barter it away in the manner proposed, he not only violated an obligation to his

MR. POLHEMUS'S WILL.

A Petition for Its Probate Filed-Seven Heirs Named.

A petition for the probate of the will of the late millionaire Henry D. Polhemus of Brooklyn has been filed with Surrogate Abbott, but the will is not attached. The petition sets forth that the will was executed on March 28, 1892, and that a codicil was added on Dec. 29, 1893. The next of kin are given as follows: Caroline H. Polhemus of 88 Remsen atreet, the widow; Maria T. King, a sister, now in Rome, Italy; Jennie T. Wyckoff, a niece, now in Mentone, France; Theodosia P. Trowbridge, a niece, resid-ing at 1 West Forty-seventh aircet, New York; Cornelia Van Wyck Johnson, a niece, residing at 205 West Filty-seventh street, New York; tebecca A. Polhemus, a niece, now in Rone, taly, and Maria L. P. Dixon, a niece, living at lifteth street and Fifth avenue, New York.

The petition is made by Crowell Hedden and V. B. Davenport, two of the executors.

SIXTY-NINTH'S SQUARBLES.

The Letter of the Five Captains Hasn't

Got to Albany Tet. ALBANY, March 4.- No letter registered or therwise detailing the trouble of the Sixty ainth Battalion and asking that Major Duffs be relieved of the command has been received here either by Adji.-tien. McAlpin at general headquarters or at the Executive Chamber by

This refers to the letter forwarded to brigade headquarters, but meant for Gov. Morton, in which letter five Captains in the Sixty-ninth, who are partisans of Lieut.-Col. Moran (super-numerary list), asked for a new commander.

Sorosis Elects Officers.

Sorosis held its annual election of officers yes was reclected President, and the other officers First Vice-President; Mrs. M. A. Newton, Second. lice-President; the Rev. Phobe Hanaford, Third Vice-President; the Rev. Phobe Hanaford, Third Vice-President; Mrs. Florence de Graff Slaw, Recording Secretary; Mrs. Emma H. Townsend, Corresponding Secretary; Miss Jessie Lozier, Assissant Recording Secretary; Mrs. Sarah E. Yellmans, Treasurer; Mrs. Katharine G. Foote, Auditor, and Mrs. Alice G. Demores; Musical Director, Mrs. Ellen Demorest was made Chairman of the Executive Committee, the other members of the committee being Mrs. Keren S. Warner, Mrs. Sarah C. Ostrom, Mrs. Dimes T. S. Denison, and Mrs. Laura A. Paimer.

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to give further information. Our general office may be called from any public telephone-over 1,000 in the

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FAREWELL TO CHIFF CAMPBELL. Kind Words from His Associates on the

Brooklyn Pollee Force, Ex-Police Superintendent Campbell of Brook lyn was at his old place at Headquarters yester-day morning, and around about him were Commissioner Welles, Inspectors Mackellar, Mc-Kelvey, Reilly, and McLaughlin, and all the Captains and acting Captains, together with the other Headquarters attaches. He had come to say a formal forewell to his old associates, and in his remarks he showed clearly that his mental faculties are still alert. He told of his regret at leaving the department and thanked his associates for their loyalty to him. He told again the story of the arrest of Kate Stoddard for the murder of Charles Goodrich and how he succeeded in having her identity and hiding place established by instituting a louse to house inquiry all over the city. He added:

"It would have been death to me to have made a failure. The community would have risen up against me for interference with personal rights. I don't think I could have lived in this city if it had been a non-success. This case is an example of your loyalty to me. I have tested your loyalty, and I say to you that I'll never forget you as long as I live. I have never found you wanting."

Commissioner Welles said he was grently astonished when he received the Superintendent's resignation, and deeply regretted the loss of him by the department. Their relations, he said, had been those of fellowship and friendliness.

Cant. Rhodes the senior commanding officer. essociates for their loyalty to him. He told

said, had been those of fellowship and friendli-ness.

Capt. Rhodes, the senior commanding officer, who was more than ten years in uniform before Superintendent Campbell joined the force, also paid a tribute to his old chief. It is probable that there will be a further expression of regard for Mr. Campbell on the part of the Captains. Commissioner Welles has not intimated when he proposes to appoint a successor to Mr. Camp-beil, or whom he is likely to choose. Inspectors MacKellar and McKelvey are the only two open candidates for the place.

TREE SPEECH IN SAVANNAH. Judge Falligant Tells the Grand Jury that

It Must Be Maintained. SAVANNAH, March 4. - The recent attempts by

mob violence to prevent ex-Priest Slattery and his wife from speaking here were the subject of Judge Falligant's charge to the Grand Jury of the Superior Court to-day. He did not directly refer to them, but confined himself to an exposition of free speech, Judge Falligant Inid special stress on the privileges of American citizenship and the rights individuels enjoy in this country to freedom of thought and speech within the pale of the law.

Free speech, he said, is implanted in the Constitution, and is the cardinal principle of American freedom. No man has the right to intefere with its exercise unless it becomes violation of law, and then the law is to be resorted to as a preventive or correction. The founders of the trovernment were farsighted in their wisdom when they made free speech a constitutional right. This right is one that all thinking citizens will aim to protect in its integrity. Free speech is necessary to the preservation of liberty in a country of popular sovereignity.

Judge Fallicant plainity demonstrated the necessity of preserving free speech unimpaired as a protector of public and individual rights. Any abuse of the right must be deplored, but an illegal suppression of it would be fraught with dangerous tendencies and would not be permitted.

The cases of the men arrested for rioting will special stress on the privileges of American citi-

ton to-day. Superintendent Presion afterward said that the charges against District Attorney Painter were not dead, but that he thought the Governor had merely suspended Judgment for the time being. The formal report on the condition of the bank covering the defalcation would not be ready probably for two or three weeks, and in the mean time the department would continue to unearth all the facts coming within its province. The Governor wasse much impressed with what Messrs. Preston and Backus told him that he sent them to the Attorney-General to consult as to their future proney-General to consult as to their future pro-ceedings. Attorney-General Hancock, however, was not in town, and Superintendent Preston left word that he would call again to see him.

Kings County and the State Care Act.

ALBANY, March 4. State Comptroller James A. Roberts, President William R. Stewart of the State Board of Charities, and the State Commissioners in Lunacy, who comprise the Board for the Establishment of State Insane Asylum Districts, on Saturday last submitted a report to the tricts, on Saturday last submitted a report to the Governor on the application of the Kings county authorities to have that county included within the operations of the State Care act. The report asys that the application of the Kings county authorities is acceptable, together with the terms and conditions, except the provision that the State pay Kings county \$500,000 for the St. Johnsland property. This last provision is the only one at issue between the county and State authorities, and the report urges upon the Legislature that a just and reasonable compromise be made.

Local Business Troubles.

Thomas Hart, wholesale dealer in groceries and provisions at 47 Jay street, made an assignment yesterday to Vincent Rosemon, giving preferences for \$2,198. His liabilities are reported to be about \$15,000, and his friends ex-pect that he will be able to pay in full if he can realize on his assets and collect his outstand-

Medicide & Stafford, ship chandlers at 12 Coenties slip olohn A. McBride and Arthur F. Stafford, made an assignment vesterday to Thomas A. Bond, giving preferences for \$0.483, The senior partner, Capt. McBride, was for eighteen years a ship master, and had an interest in twelve ships which cost over \$40,000.

BUFFALO, March 4 .- An unknown man was run down and killed yesterday by an outgoing Western New York and Pennsylvania passenger train, a mile north of West Seneca. In one of the pockets of the man's cont was found a sheet of coarse wrapping paper, on which was written; From Pilate to the American Government of the fitten tooled any longer, I will kill the dovel and his other. Yours. Scribbled on the other side was: "I will be here until to-morrow; come and being fluctothes. I am following the devil." The remains are at the morgue.

Cordage Factory Begins Work Again. The big cordage factory of Waterbury & Marshall, at Ten Eyck and Waterbury streets, Wiliamsburgh, was put in operation again yesterday after being closed for two years. Hetween 500 and 600 men and women are employed. The United States Cordage Company controls the plant. There are two others in Williamsburgh which have been running regularly.

Town Treasurer Ward Pleads Guilty. Stephen Ward, Town Treasurer of Kearney. was arraigned in the General Sessions Court in Jersey City, yesterday, to plead an indictment for embeddiament. He is accused of having appropriated \$855 of the town's funds. He juraded guilty, and was remanded for sentence. He was afterward admitted to hall.

TARRYTOWN, March. 4.—Robert A. Patterson, a nephew of the late D. Ogden Bradley, has been elected President of the "Tarrytown National Bank to succeed Mr. Bradley.

WHITESTONE'S SALOONS.

WAR ON ALLEGED DISORDERLY ONES PRESSED HARD.

The President of the Excise Board Says the Protest Against Margolles Is the Strongest Made There in Twenty Years, WHITESTONE, L. L. March 4. The war against the alleged disorderly saloons of this place by the clergy and numerous other villagers is now thoroughly under way. Last night the Rev. James J. Moffitt, pastor of the Epworth Meth-odist Episcopal Church, at the conclusion of his sermon on "The Home" requested his people to remain in their seats. He went among them and requested them to sign a paper which he read to them, and nearly all of them did so. It was a protest against the granting of a saloon license to Edward Margolies, who has recently purchased a place in Eighteenth street. In the complaint Margolies is charged with having kept a place of bad character on Seventeenth

etreet, this village. It is said that he entered to boys and violated the Excise law. The Rev. Mr. Mofflit told his listeners that Margolles had come to him at his home a few days ago and admitted that he had hitherto kept an improper resort and that the stories in the local newspapers about the Sunday morning fights were true. But he wished the dominie to give him a chance in his new place before complaining to the Excise Board. The minister re fused to do so, saying that the resort had been the means of ruining many boys of the village and he would tolerate it no longer.

The protest, with fifty signatures of promnent villagers attached, was presented to the Excise Commissioners at their meeting in Flushing this afternoon, by the Rev. Mr. Moffitt and ing this afternoon, by the Rev. Mr. Moffitt and the Rev. Jonathan Greenles of the Presbyterian church. The ciergymen were confronted by Corporation Counsel Lewis W. Ensign and exJudge W. S. Overton on behalf of Margolies.

Ex-Judge Overton on behalf of Margolies.

Ex-Judge Overton to the Board with Margolies was a man of better character than the minister who had handed in the protest, meaning the Rev. Mr. Moffitt. Lawyer Ensign began to address the Board with a metion to grant the license, but President W. L. Paimer cade him bequict. "This matter is not now up for debate." said the President, and addressing the Board he said: "What shall we do with this protest." You have always allowed me to do It before." he said to President Paimer.

"Well, if I have, it has been under different circumstances. This is the strongest protest of any that has been presented to this hoard in twenty years to my knowledge. What win you do with it gentlemen:"

It was received, and a hearing of the case was set down for Wednesday morning.

Margolies's counsel will subpona all of the fifty signers of the protest as witnesses and many others. The ministers will be represented by Counsellor C. A. S. Van Nostrand. Their witnesses will be about a dozen small boys who frequented Margolies's saloon; a boy less than seventeen years old, who tended by there, and the parents of many boys who were harbored in Margolies's resort.

The case is expected to be a very interesting one, as both the prosecution and defence are determined to fait, the matter to the litter end. If the reformers succeed, it will be the first case of the kind on record in this place. In the event of the kind on record in this place. In the event the Rev. Jonathan Greenless of the Presbyterlan

If the reformers succeed, it will be the first care of the kind on record in this place. In the event of success in this instance, the ministers intend to arraign many other sation, keepers.

Whitestone has 3,500 ministraints and forty-four saloons, or one saloon, for every twenty voters. The good people of the village have frequently complained of this, but never before has the fight in the cause of morality and temperance reached such a point.

NAHAN FRANKO DIFORCED.

His Wife's Suit One of 60 Divorce Cases on Judge McAdum's Calendar.

Judge McAdam, who will sit in the Special Term room of the Superior Court throughout the March term of the court, will be called upon to try at least sixty divorce cases and pos-sibly double that number. The calendar had sixty cases on it yesterday. The first one disposed of was the suit brought by Mrs. Sophia L. Pratt against her husband, Frederick H. Pratt. Mrs. Pratt, who lives at 33 Washington square west, charges that her husband was guilty of improper conduct with a woman in the Grand Union Hotel on Jan. 6, 1865. She got her di-

Chief Hotel of Salar Works, Edith E. Franko of Brooklyn an absolute divorce from her hisband, Nahan Franko, the violinist, of 0.24 Madison avenue. The couple were married in Grace Church on June 19, 1886. Mrs. Franko said that all went well until the latter part of the winter of 1894, when she learned that her backend was taking an unknown woman to the usband was taking an unknown woman to the Priental Hotel, at Broadway and Thirty-ninth street.
An absolute divorce was granted yesterday by Judge Lawrence to Cora Louise Keen from Harrie P. Keen.

FLATIANDS OFFICIALS ACCUSED.

Fiatlands Electric Light and Power Company to illuminate the town for a period of forty years, and found indictments for that offence against Town Clerk John Schenck, Justice of the Peace John F. Ford, and former Tax Collector Fred-Lemken.

accused officials were arraigned vesterday
the Court of Sessions, and after picad-

The accused officials were arraigned vesterilay in the Court of Sessions, and after pleading not guilty were released on Si,000 half each. Lemken is charged with having pand to fort the contract. The two latter are charged with corruptly receiving it. If the money was paid as charged it was victually thrown eway, as the contract was invalidated because of certain irregularities.

Each of the indicted men, if found guilty, may get ten years' imprisonment. This would be a worse fate than beful McKane, the supposed chief sinner.

Mayor Strong After Those to Blame for

Mayor Strong summoned the Superintendent of Buildings, Thomas Brady, to his office yes. | \$1. terday afternoon, and they had a long talk about the collapsed buildings in Orchard street. about the collapsed buildings in Orchard street.

The Mayor desired to find out what he could do officially to put the blame where it belongs. He afterward sent for Coroner O'Meagher, who has charge of the inquest, and impressed upon him the importance of getting a competent jury. Finally he called up the District Attorney and asked that one of his most trustworthy assistants be detailed upon the case, and that a most searching investigation be made.

New England Women's Society.

The certificate of incorporation of the National Society of New England Women was filed yesterday in the office of the County Clerk. The society is organized for social purposes, and to offer advice and assistance to women of New England birth or ancestry residing in parts of Balley, Clara G. Simons, Katherine H. Gallison, Mary G. Hatle, Mary W. Wilson, Rath M. Hardy,

Found Her Husband Dead in Bed.

ORANGE, N. J., March 4. When Mrs. George C. Taylor arose at 7 o'clock this morning sue saw that her husband was dead in bed. Instead of notifying an undertaker or the police, she left immediately for New York, and at noon re-turned with some of her relatives. Then an un-dertaker was called. Taylor had taken prinsic acid. He had been drinking heavily for some time. He was an East Orange Jeweller, but his business was not very good. He was 60 years old, and leaves no children.

More Bonds for County Treasurer Adams, In view of the alleged shortage in the Kings county Treasurer's office, County Treasurer Adams has hereased his bonds by \$100,000, There are twenty surelies, including ex-Congressman Felix Campbell, who furnishes \$0.000. The friends of Mr. Adams are confident that his accounts will finally turn out all right, and say he will have no difficulty in furnishing \$1,000,000 bonds if necessary.

To Enjoy Life

the physical machine must be in good running order. A little care the use of Ripans Tabules will give you every morning the feeling that you are "glad to be alive."

Ripana Tabules: Sold by druggists, or by mail if you rad the price (50 cents a box) to kipana Chemical ompany, 10 Spruce st., New York.

against place by agars is now hight the Rev. the conclusion of his requested his people to the went among them aem to sign a paper which he did nearly all of them did so. It winst the granting of a saloon Margolies, who has recently wheenth street. In the larged with having on Seventeenth he entered to the street of the same of

The famous novelist's impressions of the literary side of America. Told by Hamilton W. Mabie in the March issue of

On Literary Aspects of America

THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL &

Ten Cents on All News-stands

THE CURTIS PUBLISHING COMPANY
PHILADELPHIA EX-JUDGE O'GORMAN'S FUNERAL. IMPORTANT RAILWAY DECISIONS

St. Francis Xavier's Church, The funeral of the late ex-Judge Richard O'Corman, who died Thursday night at his home, 416 of the United States decided to-day several West Twenty-third street was held yesterday railroad cases of importance. Justice White norning at St. Francia Navier's Church in Sixteenth street. The church was crowded when, promptly at 10 o'clock, the coffin was borne up the centre alsie by the undertaker's assistants There were no pall bearers. At the head of the church were a number of Sisters of Chavity, Sisters of Mercy, Sisters of Bonsecours, Sisters of Notre Dame, and of the Little Sisters of the Poor, of which orders Judge O'Gorman was long a benefactor. Next came Mrs. O'Gorman, lean-ing upon the arm of her son, Edward O'Gorman,

The Services Reld Yesterday Morning in

ing upon the arm of her son, Edward O'Gorman. The other members of the family were Richard O'Gorman, Jr., Mrs. Paul Lamarche, and Mrs. David. There was a solemn mass of requiem, at wider the Rev. Father N. N. McKinnon, S. J., what the celebrant.

Archibishop Coerigan occupied a seat on the gaspel side and with him was his Secretary, Father Connolly, and Father Pardow, Provincial of the desiries, and Father Murchy, S. J., rector of St. Francis Navier's thurch Besides these there were in the sanctuary Father Gamme, rector of Among those at the funeral were a delegation

The Charges Against District Attorney
Painter to Be Investigated.

ALBANY, March 4.—Charles M. Preston. State
Superintendent of Banking, and Mr. Philo H.
Backus of this city, the State Bank Examiner
who has been conducting the investigation into
the affairs of the Chenango Valley Savings Bank
of Bingliamton, had a conference with Gov. Mor.

seated to dudge Glegerich.

The evidence taken in the action of Charles S. Halsted against his wife, Sarah B., in which each sought an absolute divorce and on which Haisted, was presented to Judge Giegerich of | bondholders. If they approve it, it will then be submitted to the junior security holders, who Common Pleas yesterday on a \$15,000 a year.
It was argued yesterday that she should not have the \$3,000, because the evidence showed that she had no chance on appeal. Her retance, that she had no chance on appeal.

CRIME IN KINGS COUNTY.

Judge Moore Says It Has Not Kept Pace with the Increase in Population. In his address to the Grand Jury in the Court of Sessions in Brooklyn, yesterday, Judge Henry considerable experience on the bench and at the bar, I have come to the conclusion that there is not someth crime in Kingscounty in proportion not seniment crime in Kingscounty in proportion to the population as there was forty reversess.

"There is more crime, certainly, but the population has also inryot increased, and unless some great occasion of violence active, increasing the business of the court, the ordinary criminal business of the court, the ordinary criminal business of the county has not increased in the same ratio as the population, and it can easily be attended to if the triand dury, the court, and those interested in the summistration of justice do their dury healestly and faithfully.

Judge Moore made some further remarks of an indefinite character which are believed to refer to the trolley slaugaters. They were, in part.

"I intended to speak to you about another matter, but, after reflection, I believe I will not do so at this time. It is about an evil that should be immediately remedies, but bossibly the parties to whom that they belongs will attend to it. If they in an willout further delay, very poorly if the matter is not attend to, I shall certainly charge the trained day.

Large Sale of City Real Estate.

The reports about a sale of valuable property in the neighborhood of Broadway and Broome street through the real estate firm of Horace H. Ely & Co. were confirmed fact night by both members of the hrm. Mr. Alfred E. Marling, Mr. Ely's partier, said that a report giving the price as \$7.00,000 was orroneous. Further than that nether his nr Mr. Fly would discuss the deal, but said it would be made public to-day.

Branklyn's Order of Street Cleaning. City Works Commissioner White of Brooklyn

made this welcome announcement yesterday; "We have plenty of money on land, and we propose to mergic along with the work of cleaning like stress, it is not pursues to mean up the stress as the incident pursues to mean up that stress as the incident persuent and the separation which attends on the work mean will be put to work methe subde-paved stress."

Bruokira's County Form, The Kings County Board of Supervisors has directed the County Farm Committee to go to Albany and negotiate with the State Charity Commissioners in relation to the proposed transfer of the St. Johnland farm to the State. Ecndered by the Supreme Court of the WASHINGTON, March 4. The Supreme Court

announced the opinion of the court that the assessment for taxes by the Territory of Arizona against the Maricopa Railroad was well grounded, and the Judgment of the Supreme Court of the Territory to that effect was affirmed.
The case of Conningham versus the Macon and Brunswick Raitrond of Georgia was also decided by Justice White against Cunningham. He represented certain bonds issued by the railroad in 1870 and endorsed by the State, which were subsequent to a similar issue of 1866. The road was seized by the State under quently sold. The court below found that

bill, and the Supreme Court of the United States affirmed that fudgment.

A similar case was that of Johnson versus the Atlantic. Gulf, and Western Railroad Company, appealed from Fiorida. The judgment of the court below, dismissing Johnson's bill, was affirmed in an opinion read by Justice Shiras.

Shiras.

Four cases appealed from the Supreme Court

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Askinged Company involved the validity of the

statute of that State regulating freight charges,
the railroad company contending that it was in

cont of the United States affirmed that Judgment.

The Norfolk and Western Railroad appealed from the decision of the Court of Appeals of Virginia in two similar cases, affecting the act of that State regulating freight charges. The railroad company contended that the provision in the charter of its predecessor organization giving it power to make its own charges descended to itself. The court below took the view that the privilege did not so descend to the Norfolk and Western, and the Supreme Court of the United Statos, in an opinior read by Justice Shiras, affirmed its judgment against the railroad company.

THE READING FORECLOSURE SUIT. The Olcott Committee Will Submit a Plan Before the Decree of Sale is Entered.

Mr. Frederick Whitridge, of counsel for the Olcott Reading Reorganization Committee, said THE HALSTLAD DIFORCE CASE, road general mortgage, which was filed on Sat-Evidence Taken by Referee Tallaferro Pre- gramme of the Olcott committee, stated in its Prior to the time of the entry of a decree, the May 7, 1894, prepare a plan of reorganization and submit the same to the general mortgage

avoiding the sale of their property under the

will have an opportunity, by accepting same, of

will have an opportunity, by accenting same, of a visiding the sale of their property under the foreclosure decree. I am not prepared to make any deficite statement as to the nature or terms of the plan at this time.

"The boint may be made, however, that all of the plans for the reor, arization of the leading Company, which have been proposed during the last two years, have provided for raising, in one way or another, \$19,000,000 to \$20,000,000. This has been proposed to be done by the keys of collateral trust bonds, or in some other way utilizing the assets of the company, particularly the equipment. But all of these plans, tentarity or otherwise, have contemplated an actual increase in the fixed charges of the company.

"It would undoubtedly be the soundest method of reorganization to provide for the payment of these sums of money without any increase in the fixed charges of the company, therefore, any reorganization proposed by the Olcult committee will call upon the lunior security holders to pay about the same amount of money, \$10,000,000 or \$20,000,000, and in the event of their failure to dethis, the plans and circulars of the committee, historio fasued would indicate that its parpose would be to sell the property. And undolfstelly cutsiders will be found who will be prepared to pay \$20,000,000 are more for the property, subject to the general morrgage bands."

Green Bay, Winona and St. Paul.

A bill for the foresto-ure of the first mortgage on the property of the Green Bay, Winous and St. Paul Railway Company has been filed in St. Paul Hancay Company as been med in the United States Creati Court in Milwaukes by Henry Crawford of Chicago and William Strates of New York, as coursed on behalf of William S, Mowry and others similarly inter-ected who may hereafter join with him. The hill prays for foreclosures and for the appoint-ment of a receiver of the property.

Two and a Haif Years for Schuessler. William G. Schuessler, the ex-clerk of the

Newark tax office, came up before the Special sessions Court yesterday to receive sentence embezzling the city's tax funds. He had withdrawn his plea of not guilty and substituted that of non vult. It was generally supposed that his sentence would be a noninal one and there was considerable surprise when Judge Kirkpatrick sentenced him to State prison for two years and six months.

STANDARD AS GOLD.



W. H. PARKER, M. D., 4 Buffnch Street. THE LOST EMINENT SPECIALIST IN AMERICA.
Fetablished in 1850. Chief consulting physicians of the Peakody Medical Institute, to whom was awarded the gold medial for the National Medical Association for the Payer Fract by the changed that the National Medical Association for the Payer Fract by the Changed Association for the Payer Fract bear of the Changed and Physical Debility, and all Discasses and Weak-ness of Man. CURES the points the machiness of Man. CURES the points the machiness of Man. CURES and Properties, with testimonials person or by letter. Properties, with testimonials of the Properties of the Properties